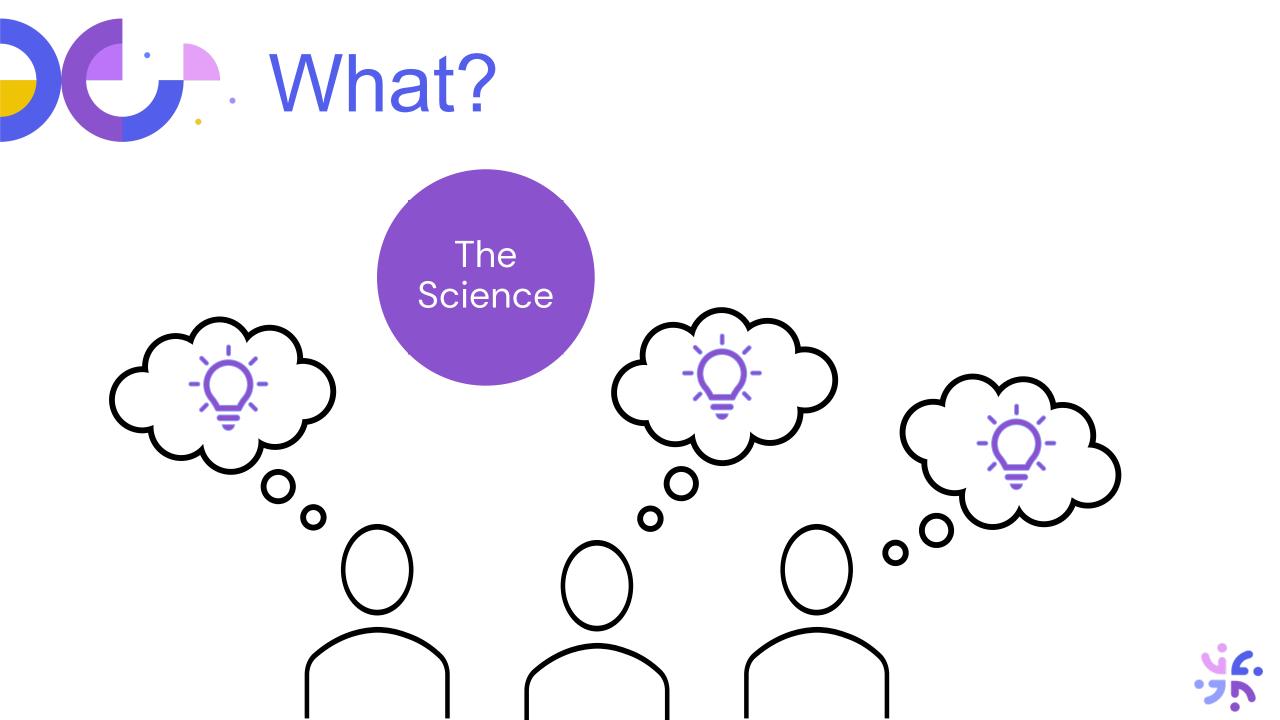
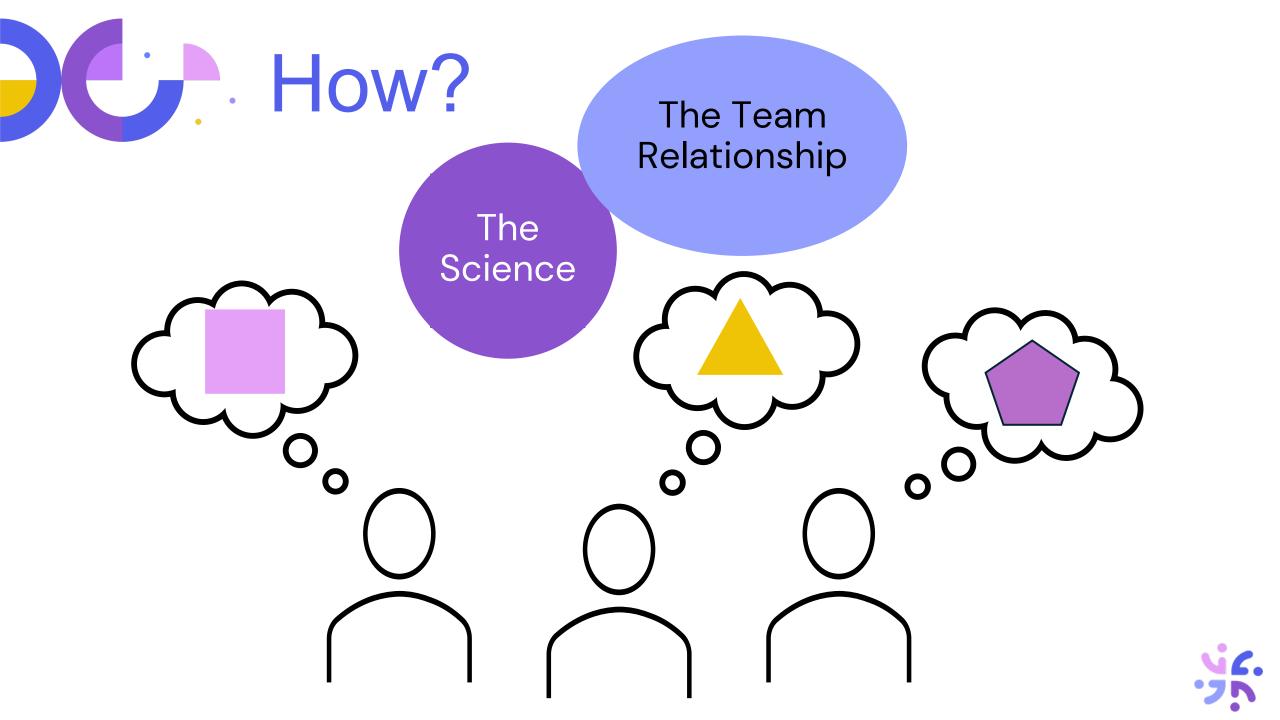
NINDS U19 Consortium Meeting

Increasing Creativity, Innovation, and Impact Through Team Science

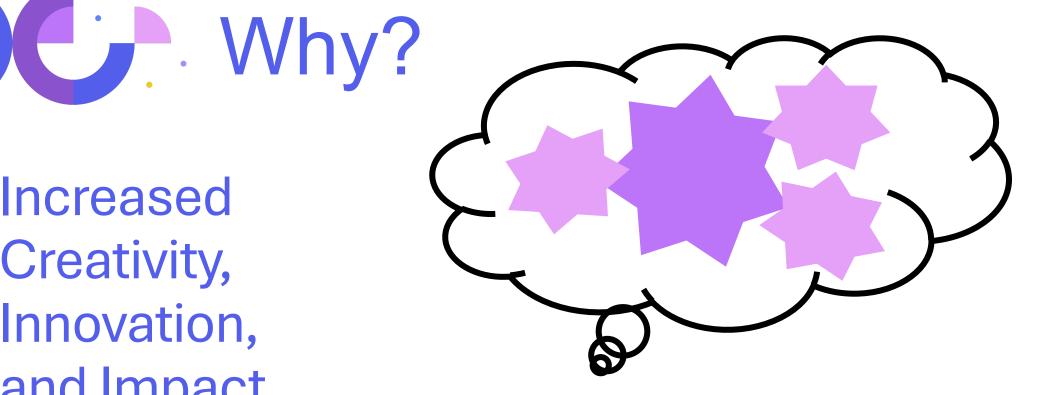
L. Michelle Bennett, PhD June 16, 2024

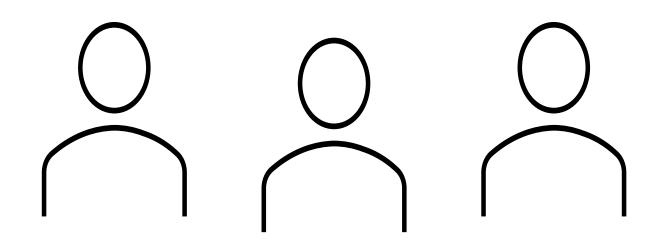






Increased Creativity, Innovation, and Impact







Where Does Creativity and Innovation Come From?



Curiosity and Inquiry

- True desire for continued learning
- Ability to ask authentic questions



Making New Connections

- This is the space between two knowns
- Requires unstructured time and ability to be playful



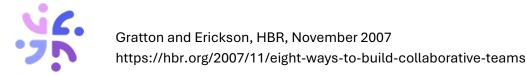
Diversity and Difference

- Discipline, career stage, perspective, lived experience
- Appropriate use of power



Competitive Mindset

"The greater the proportion of experts a team had, the more likely it was to disintegrate into nonproductive conflict or stalemate."





Competitive or Collaborative Mindset

Competitive



- Right vs wrong
- Judge/Evaluate
- Blame (it's you, not me)
- Guarded
- Control
- Win vs lose

Collaborative



- Transparent (open, honest)
- Curiosity and Inquiry
- Reliable (accountable)
- Conscious Choice
- Fully Present
- Enhance learning

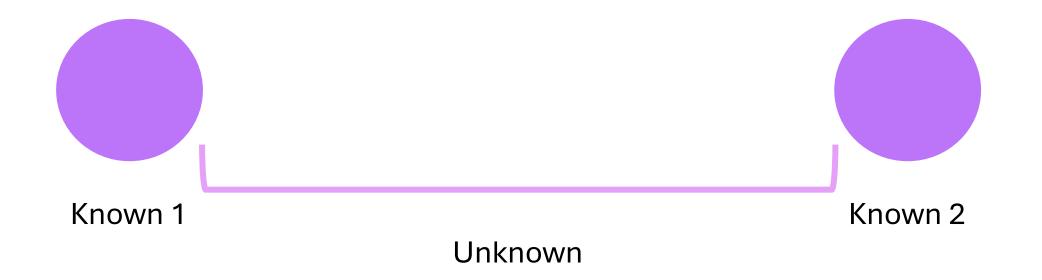


Curiosity and Inquiry

- Examples of questions that put people on the defensive: (competitive)
 - Don't you think you should....
 - Have you called Chris to tell them about our plans?
 - Are you really considering *that* approach?
 - You agree with my interpretation, don't you?
- Examples of authentic questions: (collaborative)
 - I'm seeing it differently. Can we chat about it?
 - I'm not fully understanding your point. Will you tell me more?
 - I realized we need to let them know our plans. Would you like me to...?
 - I have not thought about that yet. Can I have some time to think about it?



Making New Connections Requires Authentic Inquiry





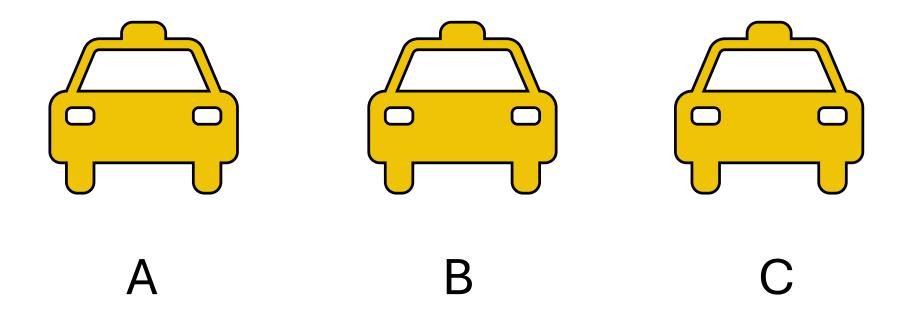
Free Yourself from Constraints

The creation of something new is not accomplished by the intellect but by the play instinct acting from necessity. The creative mind plays with the subject it loves.

- Carl Jung

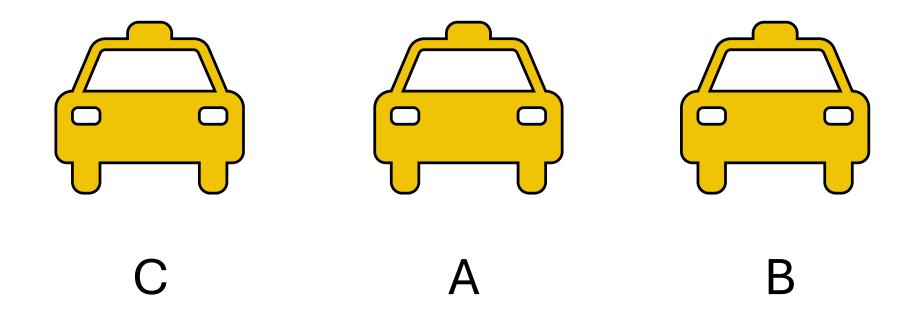
















Diversity and Difference

- Team Science is an exercise in diversity and difference
- The reason research teams can be so powerful is that they bring an array of differences to the table
- If you cannot (or will not) surface differences, you will not leverage the talents and strengths of your team
- You will leave potential for impact on the table



A Team of Experts

≠

An Expert Team





Power Differences

- Individual Characteristics
 - Skills, abilities, charisma, work ethic
- Reputational
 - Other's perceptions, supporters, detractors
- Positional
 - Role, title, ability to reward/punish
- Visible or audible attributes
 - Height, weight, body language, voice
- Informational
 - Sharing, withholding, bartering, transparency
- Conscious choice

Informed decision-making, shared learning, accountability



Ethical Use of Power

- Positional Power used to lift people up (trainees, jr. faculty, staff) through mentoring, coaching, and empowering
 - builds psychological safety and trust
 - leads people to be enthusiastic about contributing their strengths and talents
 - leads to better research outcomes and lasting relationships
- Talk explicitly about the power in the room.
 - Who has what kind of power? How will that power be used to benefit the team? And what can the team do if they think power, of any sort, is not being used appropriately?



Greater Impact?

01

Leverage the Talents and Strengths of Your U19 Membership and the Full Consortium – Including Trainees, Junior PIs, and Staff



Make Power Dynamics Explicit and Talk About How to Use it to Lift Team Members in the Collaboration Up



Learn to Talk Openly About Differences and Recognize that Giving People Time to Play will Benefit the Whole Team





We're All Ears!







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